

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal—Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art. Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—Washington.

Advertisements \$1.00 per square for 3 weeks; for each cent.

VOL. LXII.

GETTYSBURG, PA., TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 27, 1862.

NO. 29.

Notice to Contractors.

THE School Board of Cumberland district, intending to build a NEW SCHOOL-HOUSE at No. 1, (or formerly Boyd's), the house to be of brick, 24 by 28, will receive proposals for the same from contractors, and will meet for that purpose at No. 1, on Saturday the 31st of May, 1862, at 9 o'clock, A. M. at which time and place contractors are requested to attend. By order of the Board, R. G. HARPER, Sec'y.

Gettysburg Female Institute.

THE Summer Session of this Institution will commence on Monday the 19th of May. Principal—Miss M. A. LONGBILL. Gettysburg, May 6.

Gettysburg English and Classic School.

THE Second Session of the GETTYSBURG ENGLISH AND CLASSIC SCHOOL, for Males and Females, will commence on the 11th of March, 1862, and will continue till the 1st of July—16 weeks. TERMS—For English Branches, \$7 00. For English and Classics, 10 00. As only a limited number will be received, those who desire to send their children should make early application. For particulars address Rev. WM. McLELLAN, Gettysburg, Feb. 5, 1862.

Boarding and Day School.

MISS C. SHEPARD'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL opens on Monday, SEPTEMBER 2nd, 1861. Terms—Per Session of 5 Months, \$75. Masculine Languages extra. For further particulars address C. SHEPARD, Gettysburg, Pa.

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of JAMES H. NELSON, late of Huntington township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. FRANCIS COLSON, Adm'r. April 22, 1862.

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of PETER S. SMITH, late of Strabon township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, (the first named residing in Tyrone township, the latter in Strabon), they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, will present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. GEORGE TACKLE, GEORGE THOMAS, Adm'rs. April 17, 1862.

Notice.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of J. J. LUNN, late of Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. JACOB LIVINGSTON, Ex'r. April 2.

Turnpike Dividend.

THE President and Managers of the "Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company" have this day declared a Dividend of ONE PER CENT, payable on or after the 12th inst. J. H. McLELLAN, Treasurer. May 5.

List of Letters.

REMAINING in Gettysburg P. O. May 13, 1862.

Bush Harriet	Jane Timothy
Dyers David	McLaughlin Mary A.
Heard Daniel W.	McClary Martha A.
Baker Harriet	Miller Sarah A. (2)
Menel Elizabeth	Morris Sarah A.
Black John W.	Nickly James
Bushman Caroline	McName Andrew
Black Nancy	Jack Peter
Culp Polley	Keely Jonathan W.
Coulson John C.	Blank Mrs. M. E.
Heil Annah	Martha Edmund
Eckert Susan	Present Addison
Fleming Wm.	Plank George E.
Flaherty James	Porter David R.
Ford Susan	Routson Sarah
Fissel Ephraim	Rollman Lizzie M.
Gardner Elizabeth	Stantz Peter B.
Gardner Adam H.	Snyder Francis (2)
Hauser Catharine	Snyder Adam
Honck Wm. H.	Sutcliffe Wm.
Holmes Louis	Stutz Thaddeus S.
Hagerman Wm.	Small Jerome
Heisly Jacob	Sanders Jacob
Hagerman Mary	Shady John B.
Henderson John	Shaylaugh Alex.
Hill John	Shuttown John
Hartwell Mary	Slawmacker Mary
Hartwell Barbara	Sanloe Maggie A.
Hartwell George C.	Soskey Anna C.
Hartwell James C.	Snyder Harriet
Hewitt Hiram	Spranger Barbara
Himes Charlotte	Spauler Leah C.
Homer Mollie T.	Small Jerome
Hollinger Anna	Troble Moore
Jacobs Samuel	Troble Emanuel G. (2)
Kearl Andrew	Walker Mary
Kearl Catharine	Walker Joseph (Capt.)
Kearl Jacob (2)	Witmore Maria
Lea Daniel	Wentz John
Lea Peter	Wickham Josiah
	Williams Jack
	Wentz Sarah
	Wentz Sarah

Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they were advertised. D. A. BECHLER, P. M.

N. PICKING IS NOW SELLING B

OVERCOATS at panic prices. DRESS COATS at panic prices. PANTALOONS at panic prices. VESTS at all kinds of prices. NOW IS THE TIME—CALL SOON. Jan. 9.

TYSON BROTHERS have constantly on hand a large assortment of plain and fancy cases, gilded frames, gold and plated lockets, brooches, &c. &c., which they are selling at astonishingly low prices.

ADIES, call and see the cheapest lot of SILKS ever offered in Gettysburg, which are now open and ready for sale at FAIRBANKS'S. April 22.

OTTONADES, and a variety of Pants, Stockings, &c. A. SCOTT & SONS.

Choice Poetry.

THERE IS BEAUTY IN THE COUNTRY.

There is beauty in the country! Of the country let me sing, With its beds of brilliant flowers, And gay birds upon the wing— When trees put on their glory, And array themselves in green— When the woodlands ring with singing, And clover leaves are seen— When the orchards are in blossom, And the lilacs crowned with blue, Oh! I love the blooming country, Where the flowers are sweet and new.

There is beauty in the country, When the Spring has crossed the vale, And a wreath of flowers and garlands, Leave their breath upon the gale— When the summer, crowned with brightness, Leaves her treasures on the plain, And the waving golden harvests Wake our gratitude again— When the autumn, sear and yellow, Comes with chilly, frosty morn, And brisk, busy hands at husking, Pile the bright and yellow corn.

There is beauty in the country, When the skies are bright above, And ten thousand beauties tell us That the world is ruled by love; Even winter with his mantle, Of the purest brilliant white, Is a crown of crystal glory, And a season of delight.

Yes, I love the glorious country, For there's living brightness there, With its sunshine, trees and blossoms— With its beauty everywhere.

There is beauty in the country! Every leaf and every flower, Is a constant living wonder— Is a miracle of power; Every tree with grand proportions— Every happy singing-bird— Every happy smiling child— Every beam of the way-side— The contented graying head, These are tokens of its goodness, Bright unfolding of its might; So I love the glorious country, With its scenes of pure delight.

There is beauty in the country! There is health and vigor there; There is purity of feeling; There is rest of mind and care; For the purest social pleasures, There is full and ample mean— There is pure and sweet contentment, In the midst of rural scenes— There is more to cheer and gladden, There is less to mar and blight— Oh, I love the glorious country, With its scenes of pure delight.

Stretch it a Little.

A little girl and her little brother were on their way to the grocer's the other morning. The roofs of the houses and the grass on the common were white with frost, and the wind was very sharp. They were both poorly dressed, but the little girl had a sort of a coat over her which she seemed to have outgrown.

As they walked briskly along she drew her little companion close up to her, saying, "Come under my coat, Johnny."

"It isn't big enough for both," he replied.

"I guess I can stretch it a little," she said, and they were soon as close together and as warm as two birds in the same nest.

How many shivering bodies, and heavy hearts, and weeping eyes there are in the world, just because people do not stretch their comforts a little beyond themselves.

How to DISARM AN ENEMY.

It is said that bees and wasps will not sting a person whose skin is imbued with honey— Hence those who are much exposed to the venom of these little creatures when they have occasion to hive bees, or to take a nest of wasps, smear their faces and hands with honey, which is found to be the best preservative. When we are annoyed with insult, persecution, and opposition from perverse and malignant men, the defence against their venom is to have our spirit bathed in honey. Let every part be saturated with meekness, gentleness, forbearance, and patience; and the most spiteful enemy will be disappointed in his endeavors to inflict a sting. We shall remain unharmed, while his venom returns to corrode his own malignant bosom; or, what is far better, the honey with which he comes into contact, will neutralize his gall; the coils of forgiving love will dissolve his hatred, and the good return for evil will overcome evil with good.

The little vexatious and minor miseries of life can only be met with patience and philosophy. They can't be "put down" like an insurrection, nor expelled like a bad church member. The best that can be done with them is to pay as little attention to them as possible, and not to double their power by fretting over them. As the immortal Shakespeare says, we don't remember exactly where—

For every evil under the sun There is a remedy, or there's none; If there is a remedy, try and find it; If there isn't—never mind it.

AGASSIS says:—Of all air-breathing animals, none exhibits a more surprising power of adapting itself to great and rapid changes of external influences than the Condor. It may be seen feeding on the sea shore under a burning tropical sun, and then, rising from its repast, it floats up among the highest summits of the Andes and is lost to sight beyond them, miles above the line of perpetual snow, where the temperature must be lower than that of the arctic.

Many who would not for the world utter a falsehood, are yet eternally scheming to make false impressions on the minds of others respecting facts, characters and opinions.

COULDN'T DEAD HEAD.

The principal avenue leading to Detroit has a toll-gate near the Elmwood Cemetery road. As the cemetery was laid out some time previous to the construction of the plank road, it was provided in the company's charter that all funeral processions should go back and forth free. One day Dr. Price, a celebrated physician, had stopped to pay his toll, he remarked to the gate-keeper, "Considering the benevolent character of our profession, I think you ought to let us pass free of charge." "No, no, doctor," the keeper readily replied, "we couldn't afford that. You send too many dead heads through here as it is." The doctor paid his toll and never asked any favor after that.

Old Ira Teaster was a dreadful mean man. He was awful mean. One day, the old fellow was at work upon the beam of his barn when he lost his balance and fell heavily on the floor twenty feet below. He was taken up for dead, with a fractured skull, and carried into the house. The doctor was called, but all attempts to bring him to consciousness were unavailing. Finally, the doctor, having trepanned him, turned and asked Mrs. Teaster to give him a silver dollar, to put in where a piece of the skull was wanting. At this remark, Ira who had been breathing heavily, turned in bed and groaned: "Wouldn't a cent do as well?" Mr. Teaster, it is needless to say, recovered.

GOING THROUGH THE MOTIONS.—When the news of the surrender of General Cornwallis to General Washington reached Stratton, on Sunday, and during the hours of worship, word was immediately taken to the pulpit, where Parson Westcott was engaged delivering his discourse. Drawing himself up to his full height, and making known the intelligence, he said: "My friends, the house of God is no place for boisterous demonstration; we will, therefore, in giving three cheers, only go through the motions."

When some stupid fellow charged Sheridan with inconsistency, the wit replied that the accusation reminded him of the reasoning of the entertainer of a convivial party, who, hearing his friends observe that it was time to take leave, as the watch had just struck twelve, said: "Why, you don't mind that fellow, do you? He changes his story every half hour!"

A physician very satisfactorily accounts for the fact that wittens are warmer than gloves, "for the same reason that four children would be warmer in one bed than sleeping alone." It is the superabundance of caloric in mittens that makes a young man's face and ears so red when Miss Caroline says no.

"Some years ago," says a friend of ours, "I was passing through Pennsylvania in a stage; and we stopped at a country tavern for breakfast. Among the passengers was a pleasant Irishman, whose good humor had entertained us through many a weary mile en route. At breakfast a very pretty maid, who was waiting on the table, said to him: 'Will you have sugar in my tea, sir?' 'Sugar in my tea, Miss? No I thank you; you have looked into it, and it's quite swate enough.'"

Col. Skinner, of Texas, who was going in on a "high figure" before the right kind of audiences, thus settled a long-disputed fact in history and elevated himself: "Fellow citizens," said he, with a knowing look, "I was at the battle where Tecumseh was killed—I was. I commanded a regiment there—I did. I'm not going to say who did kill Tecumseh—I won't. But this much I will say: Tecumseh was killed by one of my pistols; and, gentlemen, I leave it to your knowledge of human nature if a man would be very apt to lend out his pistol on an occasion of that sort."

"I have brought you this bill until I am fairly sick and tired of it," said a collector to a creditor, upon whom he had called at least forty times.

"You are, eh?" coolly rejoined the creditor.

"Yes, I am," was the response.

"Well then you had better not present it again. There will be two of us pleased if you do not; for to tell the truth, I'm sick and tired of seeing that identical bill myself."

A couple of Kentuckians lately visited Boston, and sat down to dine at the "Revere House." Cod-fish-balls were served at the table, and one of the Kentuckians taking them for "corn-dodgers," proceeded to break one or two. Getting the scent of it, he turned to his partner, remarking, in a most solemn manner, "Something dead in that, Tom!"

A Connecticut match maker puts a postscript on his advertisement of "Superior Friction Matches": "N. B.—I would here caution the boys not to come and see my darters unless they think of striking up a match. Their time is money, for I keep them to work. I suppose they must get husbands now while they are young, if over, and therefore you fellows that really want wives, come on. For you who only want to joke and take up the girls' time, stay away from the factory if you please."

He who gains the victory over great insults, is often overpowered by the smallest; so it is with our sorrows. The firm, steadfast bosom, upon which a past full of torture has weighed in vain, will many a time, like a piece of ice that has been over-flowed, break down beneath the gentlest footsteps of destiny.

EX-SENATOR HECKERT.

They tell a good story of this gentleman, formerly State Senator from the Cecil district, Md., and late an inmate of Fort Warren. It is supposed that they fell side by side, mortally wounded, and making friends, died in peace. How touching it must have been for the "details" out looking for dead and wounded, to have come upon this picture. What a contrast to the spectacle around! Here were trees torn almost to pieces by the two days' storm of shot and shell. There were groups of dead men, lying in every attitude of combat and agony. Pools of blood crimsoned the ground; growing deeper from the weltering wounds of the yet untended soldiers who had been mangled in the fight. Muskets, cannon, knapsacks, blankets, torn tents, fragments of army wagons, wheels, commissary stores, broken swords, all dashed on the earth in the tumult of the strife, cumbered the ravines, while

"There lay the steel with his nostrils all wide, Though through it there rushed not the breath of his pride,"

With his huge bulk crushing the cores of his rider. The fine figure of the poet has been much admired, when speaking in the person of one dear friend to another he said: "A dew shall rest upon our tomb Of such a quality, That fighting armies hither come, Shall reconciled be."

But what must have been the power of the feelings that induced that reconciliation amid the bolts and thunder of battle; amid its infuriate passion; in the heart of its masterless commotion! What visions of the spiritual world, opening before the dying eyes of the soldiers; what convictions that for them the honors and the stripes of earth were over, and that when next their souls should awake to life it would be in a more august assembly, where pain and sorrow, "the rapture of the strife" and its equally inevitable agony should be forgotten, as a dream that is fled!

PARSON BROWN HANDLES NORTHERN

sympathizers without gloves. Said he: "If I owed the Devil a debt to be discharged, and it was to be discharged by the rendering up to him of a dozen of the meanest, most revolting and God-forsaken wretches that ever could be culled from the ranks of depraved human society, and I wanted to pay that debt and get a premium upon the payment, I would make a tender to his Satanic Majesty of twelve Northern men who sympathized with this infernal rebellion. [Great cheering.] If I am severe and bitter in my remarks—[Cries of "No, no; not a bit of it!"]—if I am, gentlemen, you must consider that we in the South make a personal matter of this thing. [Laughter.] We have no respect or confidence in any Northern man who sympathizes with this infernal rebellion. [Cries of "Good, good!"]—nor should any be tolerated in walking Broadway at any time. Such men ought to be hanged by the neck either before or against the 'wall-dam'; and I would make them show their hands. [Laughter and applause.]

WORTH TELLING AND WORTH IMITATING.—As a number of our sick and wounded soldiers were returning to their homes from New York via the New York and New Haven Railroad, the cars stopped a few minutes at Stamford, when a lady belonging to that town (name unknown), accompanied by a servant girl and a young man, all laden with refreshments, entered the train, and began the work of distribution, giving to each man a bottle of port wine, in addition to other delicacies. To this welcome gift the angelic lady added a hearty "God bless you," and an assurance that each one of them had doubly earned all the kindness that could be heaped upon them. Some of the poor fellows burst into tears and spoke the praises of their benefactor, as sick and wounded soldiers only can. Some of them observed that there was a decided difference between the ladies of Yorktown and the good lady of Stamford, Connecticut.

The persecution of crinoline never will cease, we fear, until the "institution" is abolished. A chap travelling up the Ohio (the fellow is none of our acquaintance, please!) tells of a most sudden and singular transformation which took place among the female passengers of a fine steamer, one day, when a thunder-storm came up. The matter became a thing of moment—An inquiry was resolved upon. A married man—so the story runs—was appointed a committee of one to form himself into a hollow square, and explain the mystery. After a brief delay, he reported, in writing, that the transformation was based upon scientific principles. The ladies who wore metallic expanders, being aware of their affinity for electricity, and not wishing to get up a current around their forms, however distant it might be from them, had hurriedly dropped their crinolines. In the haste necessary, there had been some damage done, and we noticed one or two gentlemen with some pieces of brass in their hands, afterward, which they seemed to regard with more than ordinary interest.

All we have to say in regard to this matter, is, that the fellow who betrayed the sex deserves to be bayoneted by sharp tongues—to be scorched with fire from burning eyes—to be squeezed with arms crying for vengeance—and finally to be hung in the midst of a regiment of skeleton skirts.

When George Stephenson, the celebrated Scotch engineer, had completed his locomotive, he presented himself before the British Parliament, and asked for the attention and support of that body. The grave M. P.'s looking sneeringly at his invention, asked: "So you have made a carriage to run only by steam, have you?" "Yes, my lords." "And you expect your carriage to run on parallel rails, so that it can't go off on its way?" "Yes, my lords." "Well, now, Mr. Stephenson, let us show you how absurd your claim is. Suppose when your carriage is running upon these rails at the rate of twenty or thirty miles an hour, if you're extravagant enough to even suppose such a thing is possible, a cow should get in its way—you can't turn out for her, what then?" "Then 'twill be laid for the cow, my lords."

Some persons undertake to find a soft phrase for their disloyalty by calling it sympathy with the South. He who sympathizes with rebellion and treason is a traitor. Pretence.

Mrs. Lucy Cupps of B., Illinois, recently gave birth to three fine boys.—This is having her Cupps to some effect.

The subjects of despotism are often allowed to fatten themselves like so many swine, so that they may be the fatter to be devoured by their rulers.

Reconciled in Death.

It is related that at the battle of Shiloh, a Federal Volunteer and a rebel soldier were found dead with hands clasped. It is supposed that they fell side by side, mortally wounded, and making friends, died in peace. How touching it must have been for the "details" out looking for dead and wounded, to have come upon this picture. What a contrast to the spectacle around! Here were trees torn almost to pieces by the two days' storm of shot and shell. There were groups of dead men, lying in every attitude of combat and agony. Pools of blood crimsoned the ground; growing deeper from the weltering wounds of the yet untended soldiers who had been mangled in the fight. Muskets, cannon, knapsacks, blankets, torn tents, fragments of army wagons, wheels, commissary stores, broken swords, all dashed on the earth in the tumult of the strife, cumbered the ravines, while

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The Newbern Progress states that Governor Clark, of North Carolina, has refused to furnish any more troops to Jeff. Davis, and has recalled all the North Carolina soldiers now in the Rebel army. North Carolina has held a convention of its citizens, and pronounced against giving further aid to the Union. In reply to the demand of Jeff. Davis for additional troops and means of transportation for his army to and through the Cotton States, Governor Clark said that Davis had received all the aid from North Carolina that he could expect, and that hereafter no more troops would be permitted to leave the State, and has ordered all the North Carolina State troops home. Governor Clark also informed the Rebels that they could use the railroads in retreating homeward, and that they would run their own risk of being intercepted by a Union force in any part of the State.

When the rebel army, which was to annihilate the Union troops at Yorktown, are arraigned for cowardice, they may justify themselves by the plea that they didn't begin to run until the rebel Congress set them the example. The only response to such a plea would be that of the Scotch clergyman of equivocal sobriety, who, in enforcing temperance upon his parishioners, said to them: "Ye mauna do as I do, but do as I bid ye."

Dr. Garth, of Edinburg, was fond of a good thing out or in his practice.—Stumbling into a church one day while the sermon was in progress, he found the preacher in tears as he poured out words, not thoughts; upon his listening congregation.

"What makes him weep?" asked Dr. Garth of one standing near him.

"By my faith," was the answer, "and you would weep too if you were in his place and had as little to say."

"Come along, my dear fellow," responded the doctor to his new acquaintance, "come and dine with me; you are too good a fellow to be here."

An Irishman in a time of revival, joined the church, but was found sinning grievously not long afterwards. "Didn't you join the Methodists?" inquired a piously disposed person. "Faix and I did; I joined for six months, and behaved so well, that they left me off with three!"

A sailor of great dimensions who was in one of the boats at the siege of Fort Donelson, kept down his head when the shot were flying thick over the boat. "For shame, hold up your head!" thundered an officer in the stern. "I will, sir, when there is room for it," was the sharp reply.

A young gentleman of our acquaintance, a little witty in his way, was at a party a few evenings since, where a Miss Marshall was one of the guests. In the course of the evening she was requested to favor the company with some music on the piano, which she modestly declined doing.

"Please do," exclaimed our friend, addressing her, "I am extremely fond of Mrs. Marshall's music."

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Deplorable Accident—Five Sisters Drowned.

About 1 o'clock yesterday, William Ward, son of Mr. D. Ward, fisherman, embarked in a small sail boat for a cruise on the bay, accompanied by his five sisters. The eldest girl was about thirteen years of age, and the youngest only four. After sailing up and down the bay for an hour or so, William, who was steering the boat with an oar, attempted to put it on another tack. He sat upon the gunwale in order that he might have a greater purchase over the oar, when the sail suddenly flapped against the mast, and the boat capsized. All who were on board instantly fell into the water. The boy made every effort to save his sisters, and to right the boat. After considerable effort he succeeded in getting the boat on her keel again, and when the two eldest of his sisters came to the surface he managed to get them into the boat, which was half filled with water. When about to get on board himself the wind again caught the sail of the boat, and in an instant she was capsized a second time, and the poor girls, along with the lad who had acted so manfully, were again battling for their lives in the water. He made another attempt to save them, but they sunk before his eyes to rise no more in life. The boy, although much exhausted, succeeded in getting hold of the boat, which was being driven hither and thither by the wind and waves, and shouted lustily for assistance. His father's house is situated about a thousand yards from where the accident occurred.

His painful cries for assistance were not heard by the inmates in the father's hut, but a young man named Earnest had observed the accident from the Esplanade, and put off in a boat to render assistance. He fortunately succeeded in rescuing the lad in a very exhausted state, and conveyed him to his father's dwelling. The grief of the parents may be imagined when they learned the melancholy intelligence that their five daughters, who had left them in health a short time before, had all met a watery grave.—Toronto Globe, May 12.

A Brave Woman Kills a Scoundrel.

From the Glasgow (Glasgow) Gazette, May 12.

Private letters received in this city give the particulars of an affair which recently happened at Cape Girardeau, Mo., in which a Kentucky wife of Captain Frank Kendrick, of the Second Iowa Cavalry, had been staying at a hotel in that village for some time, when she was aroused one night by a man at her room door, who desired admittance, which of course was refused, and on his persisting, she called for help. The insult was repeated, and upon a third visit he tried to push her back into the room, so as to enter and close the door. Raising her pistol, she fired, the ball entering the neck near the jugular vein, and he fell dead on the spot. He proved to be a prominent citizen of the town, a wealthy man and a leading secessionist.

Mrs. Kendrick promptly made known what she had done, and went before a magistrate, who, after an examination, gave her a certificate of honorable discharge. It is also said that the wife of the deceased, who leaves a large family, expressed her approval, under the circumstances, of what Mrs. Kendrick had done. The citizens also presented her with a pair of elegant pistols as a mark of favor. Mrs. Kendrick shortly after joined her husband in the army on Upper Tennessee.

GLOSSING LINEN.—The ladies will be interested in the following from the Scientific American. Inquiry is frequently made respecting the mode of putting a gloss on linen collars and shirt bosoms like that of new linen. This gloss, or enamel as it is sometimes called, is produced mainly by friction with a warm iron, and may be put on linen by almost any person. The linen to be glazed receives as much strong starch as it is possible to charge it with, then it is dried. To each pound of starch a piece of speru, paraffine or white wax, about the size of a walnut, is usually added. When ready to be ironed the linen is laid upon the table and moistened very slightly on the surface with a clean wet cloth. It is then ironed in the usual way with a flat iron, and is ready for the glossing operation. For this purpose a heavy flat iron, rounded at the bottom and polished as bright as a mirror, is used. It is pressed firmly upon the linen and rubbed with much force, and frictional action puts on the gloss. Ebbow grease is the principal secret connected with the art of glossing linen.

WASHING MADE EASY.—The "crazy folks" in the asylum at Hartford, Ct., mix a gill of alcohol with a gallon of soft soap, just as they are going to rub it on the clothes, which they then soak two or three hours, and then merely rinse out in clear water, and all the dirt is out as effectually as good soap is out of a fellow after drinking the same quantity of the "poison stuff." Just tell the women that this is the easiest way to make washing easy, and urge them to try it, and you will thereafter have no reason to run away on washing day.

In washing stairs and passages, always use a sponge instead of a cloth when washing the space between the carpet and wall, and you will not soil the edges. Sponge is cheap, and this information is cheap, but it is valuable to all housekeepers.—The Plough.

On the 25th of August, the one thousand anniversary of the Empire of Russia, the government will be declared changed from an autocratic to a constitutional form. The Grand Duke Constantine is the initiator of this movement. Prince Gortzskoff is also in favor of the plan.

Plenty of Wounds.—The Springfield (Ohio) News says that Major Ben Pratt Runkle, of the Thirteenth Ohio, reported killed at Shiloh, is alive and getting along well. He was hit seven times, and is minus seven teeth, a portion of his jaw and tongue, his great toe, a shaving from his heel, a hole through each cheek, and a slash on the shoulder.

Don't Hurt Them.

Since the firing of the first gun at Fort Sumter there has been secretly forming a "don't hurt them" party. The members of this organization have not heard of the murder of the intrepid Ellsworth, at the hands of the rebel Jackson, at Alexandria, as he planted the stars and stripes above the rebel standard. They do not know that the brave Winthrop was carried from the field of the Big Bethel fight, a mangled corpse, but a willing martyr to the cause of freedom. They have not learned that Lyon, the lion-hearted hero of the west, offered up his life that this Union might be perpetuated, one and indivisible, as left by our fathers. The men composing the "don't hurt them" party fail to understand that the noble hearted Baker, of Oregon, was murdered by rebels leagued against our country's honor, or that Lander fell a victim to the horrible wounds received while urging his brave legions against the enemies of our common country.

What is it the "don't hurt them" desire? They desire compromise. Compromise with whom? Jeff. Davis, Floyd, Cobb, Wire, Breckinridge, and the long list of lesser scoundrels, but only smaller because their opportunities for villainy have been less? Yes, even with these. Compromise with the arch-traitors themselves, whose machinations and unholy aspirations were the developing cause of this bloody intestine war, which has laid waste a thousand happy homes and spread desolation and death over the fairest portions of our Union.

With Daniel S. Dickinson, we say never! They must lay down their arms and surrender unconditionally. There is no middle ground for the Government to stand upon. Either the Government must yield to the traitors, or the traitors must yield to the Government. Temporizing place-hunters may theorize, politicians may argue, but evil, and only evil, can result from the slightest recognition of any power within the jurisdiction of the United States not wholly subservient in spirit and in letter, to the established Government.

Sensible at Last.

Deserters from Beauregard's army report that the troops from the Border States—Missouri and Tennessee—are at last beginning to appreciate the peculiar position of these two States having been restored to the Union beyond all chance of ever again being exposed to the tyranny of illegal and treasonable jurisdiction, their misled citizens, who had enrolled themselves upon Southern muster rolls, are naturally impressed with the belief that further participation in a struggle in which they have nothing to gain and all to lose would be unwise and impolitic. Under these circumstances it is not astonishing that they should not only rebel, but when opportunity affords, return to their former homes. As our army advances southward the dissensions must increase, and the unwise sons of other States will follow the example of their brethren of Missouri and Tennessee, and not by dozens, but by hundreds, decline further allegiance to a Government of traitors, and return to the protection of the flag of their country.

Following the fashions set by the London Times, the Canadian papers have smelt at our Government ever since the war broke out, and now that the Times draws in its horns, they again follow suit and become placable. One Montreal journal finds place for two stinging letters from correspondents in the United States, in which some plain words are spoken. Here is the concluding passage of one of these epistles:

"The people that can raise and equip such armies in a year; build an impregnable vessel of war without a model in a hundred days, and win twenty or thirty victories in the same time, can take care of themselves and preserve their national life, their national domain, and their national reputation and prosperity, beyond doubt."

"Though not a prophet, I will venture the prediction, that within the lives of some now living, perhaps in yours, sir, this nation, one and inseparable as now, will contain within its borders one hundred and fifty millions of human beings, and not a slave. That result may require some reverses and sacrifices. But it is a necessity, and one that must be accomplished."

"One other prediction: If the Canadians ever again insist on a fight with us, they will get it. Not that we want Canada or a quarrel, or a reciprocity treaty, either; but that a people so humane and generous as ours cannot bear to see a neighbor utterly spoiling for want of a fight."

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—We have placed at the head of our column, the card of Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., as our authorized agents to receive subscriptions and advertising patronage for the Sentinel. This firm is among the few advertising agencies in our experience entitled to confidence. Ninety per cent of the trash in the cities we have found to our detriment to be base swindling establishments. The Messrs. Pettengill & Co. are an exception. We know them to be perfectly reliable, that any business entrusted in their hands will be carefully and properly done.

List of Merchants

W^{ITHIN} the County of Adams, returned and certified by the undersigned, Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly, for the year 1862-63, of Goods, Wares and Merchandise:

Borough of Gettysburg:

Falmestock Brothers,	11	15
J. L. Schick,	11	15
Danner & Ziegler,	11	15
M. Spangler,	11	15
A. D. Buehler,	11	15
F. B. Pickering,	11	15
Joseph Boyan,	11	15
George Arnold,	11	15
Boyer & Son,	11	15
Miss McCreary,	11	15
Miss Mary McLean,	11	15
Miss Mary McAllister,	11	15
Philip Witzer,	11	15
Coburn & Co.,	11	15
Jacob & Brother,	11	15
Dr. Robert Lerner,	11	15
John Gruel,	11	15
Scott & Son,	11	15
Mrs. Sophia Strouse,	11	15
M. Sanderson,	11	15
R. F. McHenry,	11	15
George F. Kallbelsch,	11	15
E. H. Minning,	11	15
George Myers,	11	15
S. S. Forney, Agent,	11	15
Norbeck & Martin,	11	15
Rover & Brother,	11	15
H. G. Carr,	11	15
Codori & Gillespie,	11	15
Diehl, Brinknerhoff & Co.,	11	15
John Hoke,	11	15
Sheels & Buehler,	11	15
Wm. E. Bittle,	11	15

Mount Pleasant tp.

Joseph Sheely,	14	7
Samuel Fahey,	14	7
A. W. Staub,	14	7
George C. Keitel,	14	7
J. E. Smith,	14	7
A. E. Miller,	14	7

Germany tp.

Yount & Colehouse,	14	7
Mrs. Mary Reisinger,	14	7
Crouse & Brother,	14	7
L. H. Starke,	14	7
Sturdy & Stonerifer,	14	7
Nathaniel Eames,	14	7
Geo. W. Rowe,	14	7
Henry Dysert,	14	7
Samuel Catellus,	14	7
David Little,	14	7
David Solvay,	14	7
Dr. E. F. Shorb & Co.,	14	7
Snyder & Son,	14	7
H. S. Klein,	14	7
John Duxner,	14	7
A. Heumen,	14	7

Manoway tp.

John P. Baker,	14	7
Charles Overdeer,	14	7
John Sheely,	14	7

Conowingo tp.

Reilly & Speeringer,	13	10
John Busby, Jr.,	13	10
John Fowler,	13	10
Conrad Fox,	13	10
Barbara Gaster,	13	10

Berwick Lor.

Lewis Jardy,	14	7
Wm. Davis,	14	7
V. F. Kepner,	14	7
D. G. Martin,	14	7

Orford tp.

A. S. Himes & Co.,	13	10
A. Sheely,	14	7
John Heagy,	14	7
Edward Weigle,	14	7
Barstess & Peters,	14	7
Frank Hersh,	14	7
Elizabeth T. Statter,	14	7
Francis Smith,	14	7
John Smith,	14	7

Franklin tp.

Martin A. Miller,	14	7
Mrs. Ann Hollman,	14	7
H. W. Witmore,	14	7
Peter Boblitz,	14	7
Jacob Mark,	14	7
Plank & Spangler,	14	7
J. J. Bieseker,	14	7
C. H. Fullweiler,	14	7
Wm. Ruff,	14	7

Liberty tp.

Lewis A. Overholzer,	14	7
Samuel Martin,	14	7
John Miller,	14	7

Hamilton tp.

Danner & Shields,	13	10
Sullivan & Ringhart,	13	10
Paxton & McCreary,	14	7
John C. Shartzler,	14	7

Cumberland tp.

J. Crawford Guinn,	14	7
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Lyrene tp.

Peter Yantis,	14	7
John Delap,	14	7
John F. Houck,	14	7

Lalmore tp.

Adam Terew,	14	7
T. M. Brennan,	14	7

Freedom tp.

Abraham Waybright,	14	7
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Menall tp.

George P. Minnigh,	14	7
Chas. Eldon,	14	7
Abel T. Wright,	14	7
John Fitzer,	14	7
R. L. & C. Hoopes,	14	7
H. Penrose,	14	7
Wm. Overdeer,	14	7

Hamilton tp.

G. W. Spangler,	13	10
Eljah Spangler,	13	10
F. S. Hildebrand,	13	10
John J. Kline,	14	7
Wm. Wolf,	14	7
H. L. Miller,	14	7
George Mundorf,	14	7
Miss Caroline Knautter,	14	7
Miss Hannah Knautter,	14	7

Reading tp.

Solomon Chronister,	13	10
J. Wolf,	14	7
J. R. Shiple,	14	7
Michael Myers,	14	7

Straben tp.

Daniel Golden,	10	20
Philip Mann,	14	7
J. A. Myers,	14	7
E. Eichelz,	14	7
Jacob King,	14	7
Lugh King,	14	7

Hunking tp.

Samuel T. Brown,	13	10
F. Hiteshey,	11	15
Jacob A. Gardner,	9	25
Wm. Egger,	14	7
John Gage,	14	7
Isaac Houser,	14	7
John Peitzel,	14	7
Amos Griest,	14	7

Union tp.

Abraham Sell,	14	7
Samuel Crayford,	14	7

Butler tp.

Noah Miller,	14	7
Edward Miley,	14	7
Wm. Miller,	14	7
Shank & Bro.,	14	7

Distillers.

Henry Wolf, Hamilton tp.,	15	00
David Rhodes, Freedom tp.,	15	00

Distillers.

Adam Diehl, Gettysburg,	9	50
John Hennig,	9	50
John Elower,	9	50

A. D. P. & A. L.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the above return of classification, that I will hold an Appeal, at the Commissioners' Office, in Gettysburg, on Saturday, the 11th day of June next, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M., when and where all persons that may consider themselves aggrieved by said classification may attend.

Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes for Adams Co., May 12, 1862.

NEW GOODS!

Spring Goods!—Choice Goods!

PAINESTOCK BROS. have just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS, to which they invite the attention of the public. Having been purchased with care at reduced prices, we are prepared to give our customers bargains. Our stock has been largely increased by the addition of a choice variety of the latest styles of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, MATERIALS FOR MEN'S WEAR, CARPETING, QUEENSWARE, MILLINERY GOODS, &c., comprising a complete assortment of everything usually wanted. Call early and select bargains for yourselves.

April 9, 1862. PAINESTOCK BROS.

A FRESH SUPPLY.

COME AND SEE.

I TAKE this method to inform the public that I have received from the City of Philadelphia a large stock of Goods, comprising all of the newest styles of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, the most complete assortment ever received in this place. In style, quality and price they cannot be surpassed.

Also, Shawls, Cloaking Cloths, Gloves and Hosiery, Bonnets, Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, as well as a large stock of PERMANENT and FANCY SEAM, and all the latest styles of FURNISHING GOODS, of Dry and Fancy Goods, &c.

For the Gentlemen I have a complete stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Gaiters, Suits for Boys' wear, as well as Gloves, Stockings, Handkerchiefs, Neck-ties and Suspenders, as was ever brought to this market.

Ladies' Dress Trimmings in great variety. Visiting Cards, Envelopes, Note, Letter and Cap Paper.

Irish Linen, Bleached and Brown Muslins, Pillow Case Muslin and Wide Sheetings.

April 15. J. L. SCHICK.

WALL PAPER.

WE have just received from the City a large and complete stock of the latest styles, and will be sold at the lowest market prices. We have also the best and cheapest quality of Window Blind Frames, which are in the market.

We have still on hand a good assortment of HATS, SHOES & HARNESSES, and other articles in our line of business. Give us a call—we will sell at prices to suit the times.

Feb. 4.—C. COBURN & CULP.

A Ready Market!

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED.

WE have taken the house lately occupied by DETERMINATION to pay the highest market prices for all kinds of Grain. You will find us supplied with PLASTER, GUANO, OF ALL KINDS, GROCERIES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, LUMBER, COAL, and every other article in our line of business—sold at the lowest possible rates for Cash.

Call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

DIEHL, BRINKNERHOFF & CO.

April 21.

STOVES.

Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SHEARS & BUEHLER, having purchased the stock of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware of Geo. E. BUEHLER, have opened an Establishment in connection with their Store Warehouse, and are now prepared to furnish every thing in that line, at the lowest prices. In addition to the ordinary Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, we have a large stock of Kitchen and House-furnishing Goods, of every variety, including ENAMELLED AND TIN ED KETTLES, THES, PANS, &c., for preserving, frying and cooking. Call and see their splendid assortment of Stoves and House-furnishing Goods, at their Warehouse on the corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets.

Call and see our stock at shortest notice.

Call for Lumber, Coal and Lime always on hand at their yard.

SHEARS & BUEHLER.

Gettysburg, Oct. 10.

Danger in Delay.

THE undersigned requests us to say that he will be much obliged to each and all of those who know themselves to be indebted to him, either by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, if they will make immediate payment. To delay doing so, will compel him to the disagreeable necessity of collecting through a proper officer.

MARCUS SAMSON.

Persons indebted can call either at the residence of R. K. Warner of the Diamond, or at A. J. Cover, Jr., Balt. st., Gettysburg.

Feb. 19, 1862.

"Carte de Visite"

PHOTOGRAPHS.—We have just introduced a splendid negative column in our Gallery and are now prepared to furnish the new style "Carte de Visite" Photographs—four for a dollar. TYSON BROTHERS, Exclusive Sky-light Gallery, Gettysburg, March 12, 1862.

Hat. Boot. Shoe.

MORE NEW GOODS AT THE SIGNS OF THE BIG BOOT.

The undersigned have just received a fresh supply of Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c. Also, have a good supply of Saddles and Bridles, Harness, Collars, &c.

Shoes and Boots of all kinds made to order by first-rate workmen, on short notice. Prices low for cash.

Nov. 21. COBURN & CULP.

New Fall & Winter Clothing.

FOR MEN AND BOYS, with every article of wearing apparel in that line, together with Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c. Double Barrel Guns and Revolvers, and a splendid article of the improved and celebrated Colt's Revolver, with all the necessary fixtures to it. Buffalo Robes and Over Shoes, Ladies' Rubber Over Coats and Leggings, Hosiery, &c. Cutters, Fitters, Trunk and Fitter, Sewers and Watchers, together with all the most useful articles, all of which are sold VERY CHEAP.

You ask where? Why, at SAMSON'S, where every one can buy good and cheap goods. That is the reason. The old County Buildings, N. E. Corner of the Diamond. [Oct. 17.]

Revolvers.

A NEW lot of REVOLVERS, of different styles, embracing the latest, received SAMSON'S, northwest corner of the Diamond. Being purchased for cash, at the best rates, he is prepared to sell as low as the lowest—if not lower yet. Drop in and examine them for yourselves. No trouble to show goods.

July 1.

DOMESTIC TICKINGS, CHECKS, FLANNELS, &c.

WE have a MUSLIN—branded with our own name to which we invite special attention, as it excels by far, any ever offered in this market for the price.

MOURNING GOODS.—The finest assortment of Mourning Goods ever offered, can now be seen and bought at lower prices than they have ever been sold before. Call at once at the sign of the Red Front.

April 22. PAINESTOCK BROS.

ROBERTS.—A fresh arrival of Groceries at reduced prices—splendid SHOALS at 8, 9 & 10 cents per pound—best COFFEE at 22 cents, and other things in proportion. Call and see and judge for yourself.

April 22. PAINESTOCK BROS.

The Eagle Plough.

FOR SALE at SHEARS & BUEHLER'S—also GORN SHILLERS, FEED CUTTERS, &c.

LARGE Photographs made from small pictures at greatly reduced rates, at the Exclusive Sky-light Gallery.

SMALL Photographs for \$1 per dozen, at the Exclusive Sky-light Gallery.

SOMETHING NEW.

Beautiful Illustrated Map

On the Preservation and Culture of Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

COPIES are being published, which contain many magnificent Engravings, such as Trees and various kinds of Fruit and Fruit Trees, some of the finest specimens that have ever been put on paper. The Fruit Trees are set with abundant burdens of fruit, similar to that which are seen in nature, in a natural position, and the Engravings of Trees are beautiful and grand. It also contains a fine Engraving which represents the unnumbered tree-like roots of a vigorous tree running through and over the soil. The Root Engraving covers ten inches in diameter on paper, and also forms a magnificent engraving, which cannot help but prove gratifying to the eyes of all who behold it. Such an engraving has never been printed on paper. The engraving of roots is only proved admirable to the sight of the eye, but is designed to prove of great importance to all who take an interest in the cultivation of fruit and how to treat fruit trees properly.

A COPY contains Twenty-five different Engravings of Trees, Fruits, etc., composed of Evergreens, Forest, Apple, Peach, Dwarf Pyramid, Pear, Cherry, Plum, &c. The Fruit Engravings comprise Raspberries, Gooseberries, Blackberries, Strawberries, Currants, Grapes, Plums, Apricots, Pears, Peaches, Apples, etc., and are all colored by hand to represent the natural fruit, and are accompanied with printed matter of great importance, and forms a copy in size 32 by 40 inches, on half a paper, with muslin back and two turnings.

A COPY, with its numerous engravings, will be gratifying to the eye, and form an admirable ornament for the wall of the parlor, and will richly beautify any apartment with horticultural matter of much importance and fancy. These copies are published at a very heavy expense. Twenty-five dollars has been paid to a select artist for forming the plates of single engravings of trees, roots, etc. But in order that many can obtain such copies at a trifling figure, the price for a copy will be made so low, that fifty persons can now obtain copies for the sum that has been paid for single engravings of trees, etc.

A COPY contains printed matter of much importance and great value. It will tell how to treat all kinds of Fruit Trees to render them very vigorous and productive, even in unfavorable seasons. It will tell how to prepare the soil without inconvenience before planting the trees in; to strengthen trees which in vigor; and to prove the productivity of about all crops, even in unfavorable seasons or locations, with proper and easy after treatment.

A COPY will tell how to prepare and plant all kinds of Fruit and Evergreen Trees, so as to prove successful, with scarcely ever proving a failure in a lot of many trees when properly treated as directed. It will tell how to train and plant Dwarf Pear Trees. It contains the most successful treatments for the culture of the Plum. It will tell how to train and cultivate the Grape.

A COPY will tell how to cultivate and treat Strawberries, Currants, Raspberries, Blackberries, Gooseberries, &c.

A COPY will tell how to treat Peach Trees to restore their roots healthy from the disastrous effects of worm insects. It will tell how to make use of an application over the soil surrounding the tree to protect the Peach and other tender fruits from the effects of being winter killed in cold soil. The same application also restores Peach trees from taking the yellow. The application also presents the beneficial effects to prevent the foliage of the trees healthy and the tree vigorous, and proves to the productivity of luscious fruits. The application to be applied is not expensive. All have sufficient materials on their plantations.

A COPY will tell how to Preserve all kinds of Fruits with little or no sugar. It will tell how to keep Apples with much success. It will tell how to treat and manage Pears, mature perfectly, and attain the highest flavor.

A COPY presents its numerous pictures all at a glance, and forms such an ornament for the walls as will be admired by all lovers of art, drawn from nature's products.

A COPY can now be obtained for \$1.50 in money or postage-stamps. These copies are published by

H. F. M. PETERS,

Near-Berlinsville, Adams County, Pa. Nov. 13, 1861.

The Map is now finished with rollers on, and cannot be sent out by mail any more, but will be forwarded by express to any parts ordered to, on receipt of necessary amount. A sample Copy can be seen at this Office, where subscriptions are received.

One or more Agents will be appointed to canvass over this Country, receive subscriptions, and deliver the Map for \$2.00 per copy. Influential Agents are wanted to canvass over every County in the United States, and to deliver Maps to subscribers. An Agency for the Map will surely insure profitable employment to such as can exert a great influence in making sales readily. Liberal inducements are made to Agents.

Cheap

OVER COATS, DRESS COATS, BUSINESS COATS, MONKEY JACKETS, MONKEY JACKETS, SHIRTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, DRAWERS, VESTS, VESTS, PANTS, PANTS.

lots of them a little cheaper than the cheapest, all of our own make, to be had at the Clothing Emporium of

GEO. ARNOLD.

Jan. 8, 1862.

Coal—Coal—Coal.

SHEARS & BUEHLER are now prepared to supply COAL, of superior quality, in any quantity desired. Terms Cash.

Come One! Come All!

They also request those indebted to them to call and pay up, as funds are much needed. Who will be the first to call? Office open from 7 to 7.

Feb. 26.

TYSON'S fifty cent pictures are securely sealed.

TYSON'S fifty cent pictures are entirely durable.

TYSON'S fifty cent pictures are unsuperseded.

TYSON'S fifty cent pictures are warranted.

TYSON'S fifty cent pictures are put up in large for small cases.

Oct. 23.

Misses and Children's Shoes.

LADIES' assortment of Misses' and Children's Shoes, Black and Colored, at

F. F. McHENRY'S.

Professional Cards.

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office removed to one door west of Buehler's (Drug & Book Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Patents and Patents, County Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspenders, Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, at highest prices given. Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents for all kinds of Warrants there.

Apply to him personally or by letter. Gettysburg, Nov. 1.

DAVID A. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE at his residence on Baltimore street, opposite the New Court House.

A. J. COVER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

WILL promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him. Office between Falmestock's and Danner and Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5.]

W. M. B. MCLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on West Middle Street, adjoining the new Court House.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg street, opposite F. Pickering's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed, respectfully invite to call.

Ref. C. P. Krauth, D.D. Prof. Muhlenberg, Prof. M. Jacobs, M. L. Stoeber, H. L. Baugher, Dr. H. S. Huber.

Farmers' & Mechanics' Savings Institution of Adams Co., Gettysburg, Pa.

WEALTH comes by Saving. Deposit your surplus funds in this Institution, at the rate of from two to five per cent. This Institution offers a safe, convenient, and profitable depository to all classes of people.

Feb. 26.

New Confectionery & Ice Cream SALOON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has just opened a new Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies and every description of Confectionery, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of Fruit, always on hand.

Summer Drinks—such as Mocha, Pop, Mineral Water, and anything else intended to please the palate and refresh the system during the hot summer months.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cake, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise) and other refreshments, at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life time at the business he feels himself that he fully understands it, and that he is able to render entire satisfaction. Call and see the new Confectionery.

May 14. JOHN GRUELL.

Carnen & Adair's NEW MARBLE WORKS.

CORNER of Baltimore and East Middle streets, directly opposite the new Court House, Gettysburg. Having recently arrived from Philadelphia, and feeling fully competent to execute all work in the finest style of the art, we would respectfully invite the attention of the public wishing to procure anything in our line, to favor us with a call and examine specimens of our work. We are prepared to furnish Monuments, Tombs and Headstones, Marble Mantels, Slabs for Cabinet-makers, and all other work pertaining to our business, at the lowest possible prices. We do not hesitate to guarantee that our work shall be put up in a manner substantial and tasteful equal to the best to be seen in the cities, where every improvement which experience has suggested is availed of, and especially do we guarantee that our Cemetery and Grave Yard work shall be so carefully set as not to be affected by frost, but shall maintain for years that exactness of position given at the completion of a job and so necessary to continued usefulness and symmetry.

Oct. 25.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.

Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICER.

President—George Swope.

Vice President—S. R. Russell.

Secretary—D. A. Buehler.

Treasurer—David McCreary.

Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS.

George Swope, W. G. Falmestock, D. A. Buehler, E. M. Wilson, R. M'Curry, H. A. Pickering, Jacob King, Wm. B. McClellan, A. Heintzelman, John Wolford, D. McCreary, R. G. McCreary, M. Eichelberger, John Pickering, J. R. Russell, Abel T. Wright, J. R. Hersh, Abigail F. Gint, John Cunningham, J. H. Marshall.

This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and that period has paid all losses and expenses, without any assessment, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above-named Managers for further information.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesdays on every month, at 2 P. M.

Sept. 21.

The Mutual Life Insurance COMPANY OF NEW YORK.—Assets Over Six Millions of Dollars, invested in first Mortgages on Real Estate, worth over \$12,000,000.

The premiums are lower than in many other Companies, and the Dividends have been large.

This is a strictly MUTUAL Company. There are no Stockholders, so that ALL THE PROFITS belong to the insured.

Pamphlets, and every information, may be had gratis, on application to Row. G. FARMESTOCK, Gettysburg, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA REFERENCES:

Thos. Welch, John H. Ward, George W. Stroud, John H. Myers, Jacob Patterson, John H. Arnold, Thos. H. Powers, Wm. H. H. H. H.

F. RATCHFORD STAIR, Agent, Philadelphia.

June 1.

Hardware & Grocery Store.

THE subscribers still have a splendid assortment of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, at their old established stand in Baltimore street.

They have just returned from the Cities with an immense stock of Goods—comprising, in part, of—

Building Materials, such as Nails, Saws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Chains, &c., etc.

Tools including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Gouges, Braces and Bits, Augers, Squares, Gages, Hammers, &c., etc.

Blacksmiths with Hand Anvils, Vises, Hoes, Poles, Horse-shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, &c., with every cheap.

Cook Utensils, such as Cloths, Canvases, Daws, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oilcloth, Springs, Axes, Hobs, Spikes, Pulloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, &c., etc.

Shoe Findings—Tampico, Brushes and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot-trees, &c., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's Tools.

Cabinet maker's Tools—a general assortment; also, Varnish, Knobs, &c., etc.

Household Goods with a large assortment of Kitchenware and Forks, Britannia, Albata and Silver Plated Table and Tea Spoons, Gaudle sticks, Waiters, Shovels and Tongs, Saus-irons, Enamelled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Buckets, Churns, Carpeting, &c., etc.

Also, a general assortment of Forged and Rolled IRON, of all sizes and kinds, Cast, Sheet, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Groceries—a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverized, Clarified, and Brown Sugars, New Orleans, West Indies, and Sugar-house Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, fine coarse, and dairy Salt, Lard, Fish and Spermin Oil, Turpentine, Fish, &c.

A full assortment of Lead and Zinc, and in oil, also Fire-proof Paints; in fact almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, House-Keeping, Blacksmithing, Cabinet-making, Paints, and Grocery line—all of which they are determined to sell as low as possible to the trade and the City.

JOEL B. DANNER, DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, Dec. 12.

FINKLE & LYON SEWING MACHINE COM'Y,

538, Broadway, New York.

NO person who contemplates purchasing a Sewing Machine for family or business use, should fail to send for one of our Circulars, which contains cuts and full descriptions of the several styles, prices and samples of work, all of which we send by mail free. We claim to have the

Best Sewing Machines in the World, For either Family or Manufacturing Purposes.

All we ask is a fair trial. Read the following:

IMPORTANT FACTS.

FACT No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their Machines are protected against infringement or litigation.

FACT No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch alike on both sides—and use a little less than half as much thread and silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.

FACT No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any other sewing-machines in market to the frequent changes and almost endless variety of sewing required in a family. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marcelline without stopping, and make every stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauge of the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever. Is not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if best adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

FACT No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing-machine in use—a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind, on a bias.

FACT No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood. The reputation of these Machines wherever used will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

FACT No. 6.—These Machines took the Highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

FACT No. 7.—These Machines took the Highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

FACT No. 8.—These Machines took the Highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, together with the Highest Premium for fine Sewing-Machine Work.

FACT No. 9.—These Machines took both the Highest Premiums at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

FACT No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing generally, whenever properly adjusted in comparison with all other Sewing Machines. But we have space for only one fact more—it is the most important fact of all.

FACT No. 11.—We warrant every Machine we sell to give better satisfaction than any other Sewing-Machine in market, or money refunded.

Send for a Circular. AGENTS WANTED.

Address

Finkle & Lyon Sewing-Machine Co., No. 538 Broadway, New York.

Jan. 13.

A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness, or Sore Throat, which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.

Brown's Bronchial Trachea was first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hoarse Cough in Consumption, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

Public Speakers and Singers, will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.

Wm. A. D. BUEHLER, Agent, Gettysburg.

Jan. 1, 1862.

Lost and Found!

"Good times and plenty of money" are found in the purchasing of Goods at SAMSON'S, at his greatly reduced prices. Purchasers who would take advantage of this chance or economy in securing Bargains, COME AT ONCE, AND SAVE MONEY! As the season has somewhat advanced, we will sell all of our Winter Clothing we have on hand at prices to satisfy the most economical buyers. That's the story for times like these. The scarcity of money is thus made up, by buying so much cheaper.

(Gettysburg, Feb. 19.)

BLANKET SHAWLS, all varieties and prices at A. D. BUEHLER'S shop store.

TYSON BROS. are making their profit in pictures to suit the times.

GETTYSBURG STEAM LIME MILL,

CORNER OF WEST AND RAILROAD STREETS, NEAR THE FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber, having leased the Steam Mill of Mr. C. W. Hornum in this place, has had it thoroughly repaired, by placing in it all necessary machinery for grinding Limestone. The mill is now in operation and is ready to supply any demand for this useful Fertilizer.

Ground Lime-Stone,